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m < Lat. probatio, probation re, to test. See PROVE] - pro-bited sho-nor) n. A person on process.

v. 1. An official charged with the

2. An official charged with some suspended sentence or probable to y (to f. try, or prove: a probable me) or proof.

ploratory action, expedition, or area vestigate and obtain information of gion. 2. A slender, flexible installation ind or body cavity. 3. The or de ith or as if with a device or an on into unfamiliar marters or cherits on into unrammar matters of creek-pace probe.  $-\nu$  probed, more plore with or as if with a probe 2.5 piore with or as if with a probe 2.4—intr. To conduct an explorance E, examination < Med.Lii, proberobare, to test < probare, to test < probare to the following to the test of the tes

nonesty. [ME probite < OF ... in right, good. See per 1.]

1. A question to be considered asset ation, matter, or person that present . See Usage Note at dilemma. A h or control. 2. Dealing with a control. probleme < OFr. < Lat. profite. oballein, to throw before, put lines .0-2 + ballein, ble-, to throw, o

a-māt'lk) also prob·lem·at·l·ciss roblem; difficult to solve. 2. Com Not settled; unresolved or dubocat prob'lem.at'i.cai.ly adv

adi Done without compensation bono (publico), for the police o. ablative of bonum, the co ba-sid/e-an) also pro-bos-dime mammal of the order Propos or its extinct relatives, having a kell a massive body. [< NLat. Probacis, boscis, proboscid., proboscis, See See

i) n., pl. -bos-cis-es or -bos-coig flexible snout or trunk. 2 The
ad sucking organ of certain interaccomment one. Itself its se, esp. a prominent one. Lat. 6 ant; see PRO-2 + boskein, in territ. g. 2. Process.

gives rise to vascular tissue

'ē-ōt') n. Var. of prokaryote. ar-al) adj. Of or concerning production or parliamentary body.

dur • al • ly adv. ) n. 1. A manner of proceeding ing something. 2. A series of series or methods for conducting the e body, or court of law. [Fr. proceed. See recents.]

proceed. See recents.]

ntr.v. -ceed-ed. ceed-ing.

nward, esp. after an interruption arry on an action or a process manner. 4. To come from a yns ar stem1. 5. Law To m n. pro ceeds. (pro see ved from a commercial or from E proceden < OFr. proceder verd; see PRO-1 - coders; 10 per coders to proceder to the proceder t

ling, pro-) n. 1. A course of ung, pro-) n. 1. A course of mgs. A sequence of events existings. A sequence of events existings. A society or other creaminates action; litigation. b. The interest control in both senses, otten me

-fal'ik) adj. Of, relating to koid) n. A larval stage of certain levelops in the body cavity rkos. tail rkos, tail + -oun.]
5'ses') n., pl. processes (5'sis)
pro'si-). 1. A series of action

functions bringing about a result. 2. A series of operperformed in the making or treatment of a product performed in the making or treatment of a prod ing B. Low. a. A summons or writ ordering a defensive appear in court. b. The total quantity of summonses suited in a particular proceeding. 6. Biol. An outside insue; a projecting part. 7. Any of various photographic photoengraving methods. 8. See conk? — tr. w. es. Ing. ess. es. 1. To put through the steps of a bad procedure. 2. To prepare, treat, or convert by submit a special process. 3. Law. a. To serve with a summit of the process of the proceedings of the proceedings. a spenal process. 3. Law. a. To serve with a sum-position. b. To institute legal proceedings against; pros-tic Lamp. Sci. To perform operations on (data). S. To ear (hair) by a chemical process; conk. — adj. 1. Pre-serve converted by a special process. 2. Made by or used professeral photomechanical or photoengraving process-tic process. Off., development < Lat. processus < of process. of procedere, to advance. See PROCEED.

(pro-ses) intr.v. -cessed, -cess-ing, -cess-es. To

ing in or as if in a procession.

sign (pr-sesh'sn) n. 1. The act of moving along or

progression. 2. Origination; emanation; rise. 3.a. A of persons, vehicles, or objects moving along in an or-formal manner. b. The movement of such a group. in immal manner. b. The movement of such a group.
Londrify succession. mtr. v. siloned, slon-ing, -sions.
Londrify succession. [ME < OFr. < LLat. processions of the procession of the procession.

Succession of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession.

Londrift of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession.

Londrift of the procession of the procession of the procession of the procession.

Londrift of the procession of the

The Music played or sung during a procession.

Supparatus for preparing, treating, or converting mages, computer. b. A central processing 2. Comp. Sci. a. A computer. b. A central processing 2. A program that translates another program into a supparable by the computer being used.

The printing (prōs/ēs/, prō/ēs/) n. Printing from multiplineis images, each inked with a different color such the printing images, each inked with a different color such

enimposite impression will reproduce the colors of the

[Fr.: proces, proceedings + verbal, oral.]

thouse whether or not to continue a pregnancy to

m [pro-klām], pro-) tr.v. -claimed, -claim-ing, To announce officially and publicly; declare. 2. To conspicuously; make plain. 3. To praise; extol. [ME proclaimen (influenced by claimen, to claim) <

proclaimen (influenced by claimen, to claim) < proclaimer < Lat. proclaimer: pro-, forward; see reo-1 are, to; cry out; see kelp-2-e.] — pro-claim'er n. Trium'a-to' ry (pro-klām'a-to' rē, -to' rē) adi; rua-ton (pro-klām'a-to' re, -to' rē) adi; rua-to nodition of being proclaimed. 2. Something and; crp. an official public announcement.

The pro-klir' rik! Ling. — adi; Forming an accentual to the following word and thus having no independent in A proclitic word. [NLat. procliticus: rao-2 + columns, encline; see pro-claimed. 2. Hes. A natural propensity.

ahr last major Neo-Platonic teacher.

the major incorriations teachers who is the process who is cruelty of her husband, Tereus, by killing their with her sister Philomela became a swallow.

utr sister Philomeia became a swaiiow.

I prokon/sal) n. 1. A provincial governor of conmuthe Roman Republic and Roman Empire. 2. A

mayaror in a modern colonial empire. [ME < Lat.

insurator in a modern colonial empire. [ME < Lat. | Spro consule, in place of the consul: pro, instead of pro consule, ablative of consul, consul; see consultation of su-lar (so-lar) adj. — pro-con/su-late (pro-krās/to-nāt/, pro-) v. —nat-ed, —nat-consultate (pro-krās/to-nāt/, pro-) v. —nat-ed, —nat-consultate (pro-krās/to-nāt/, pro-) v. —nat-ed, —nat-consultate pro-crāstināte, pro-crāstināte : pro- (forward; crāstināte, pro-crāstināte) - pro-cras/ti-na/tor n. — pro-cras/ti-na/tor n. pro-cras/ti-na/to

int. 10 beget and conceive on provide, to crelegate. Pro, forward; see mo-1 + creore, to crelegate. Pro/cre-ant (-ant) adj. — pro/cre-a/tion
cre-a/tor n.

pro-cre-a-tive (pro krē-ā'tīv) adj. 1. Capable of reproduc-

providerative (providerative) adj. 1. Capable of reproducing; generative. 2. Of or directed to procreation.

Pro-crus-te-an also pro-crus-te-an (prō-krūs/tē-an) adj.

Exhibiting merciless disregard for individual differences on special circumstances. [After Procrustes, a mythical Greek giant who stretched or shortened captives to make them fit his beds < Lat. Procrustes < Gk. Prokroustes < prokrouem, to

Stretch out: pro- forth; see mo-2 + krouein, to beat.]

pro-cryp-tic (pro-krip' tik) adj. Zool. Having a pattern or coloration adapted for natural camouflage. [Prob. mo(TECTIVE) +

·ti·tis (prok-ti/tis) n. Inflammation of the rectum or anus.

proc\*ti\*tis (prök-tī/tīs) n. Inflammation of the rectum or anus. [Gk. prōktos, anus + -rīs.]
proc\*toi•o•gy (prôk-tōl/z-jē) n. The branch of medicine that deals with the diagnosis and treatment of disorders affecting the colon, rectum, and anus. [Gk. prōktos, anus + -10cv.]
- proc\*to•log/ic (-tz-lōj/tk), proc\*to•log/ical (-tak) adj.
- proc\*to•log/ical-ty adv. - proc\*tol/o•gist n.
proc\*tor (prōk/tzr) n. A dormitory and examination supervisor in a school. - tr.v. -tored, -tor•lng, -tors. To supervise (an examination). [ME procutor, proctour, university officer, manager < procuratour. See reocurators.] - proc\*to/ri-al (-tōr/ē-al. -tōr/-) adj. - proc\*to/ri-shl/n.

(-tôr?e-al, -tôr?-) adj. — proc?tor-ship? n.

proc-to-scope (prôk/ta-skōp') n. An instrument consisting of a tube or speculum equipped with a light, used to examine the rectum [Gk. prôktos, anus + -score.] — proc?to-scop?lc

rectum. [tak. prockos, anus + -scope.] - proc'to'-scop'te (-skôp')k adi. - proc'tos'-so-py (-tō's' ka-pē) n.

pro-cum-bent (prō-kūm' bənt) adi. 1. Lying face down; prone. 2. Bot. Trailing along the ground but not rooting. [Lat. prōcumbens, prōcumbent-, pr.part. of prōcumbere, to bend down: prō-, forward; see pro-1 + -cumbere, to lie down.]

proc-u-ra-tor (prōk' ya-rā'tər) n. 1. One authorized to manage the affairs of another; an agent. 2. An employee of the Roman emperor in civil affairs. [ME procuratour < OFr. <

Clar. procurator ' Crvi atlants. [ME. procurator' < Orr. < Lat. procurator' < Orr. < Lat. procurator ' procurator' e-l, - tor' -) adj.

procure (pro-kyo5r', pra-) ν - cured, - cur' ing. - cures. — tr.

1. To get by special effort; obtain or acquire. 2. To bring about; effect. 3. To obtain (a person) for another for sex acts. — intr. To obtain sexual partners for others. [ME procuren < Organization | Cruz Oft. procurer, to take care of < Lat. procurer error, for; see

PRO-1 + curare, to care for (< cura, care; see cure.). — procur'a·ble adj. — pro-cur'ance. pro-cure ment n.

pro-curer (prō-kyōōr'ar, pra-) n. 1. One that procures. 2. A

pro-cur-er (prō-kyōor'ar, pra-) n. 1. One that procures. 2. A pander.
Pro-cy-on (prō'sē-ōn') n. A binary star in the constellation Canis Minor. [Lat. Procyōn < Gk. Prokuōn: pro-, before; see rano-² + kuōn, dog; see kwon-².]</p>
prod (prōd) tr.v. prod-ded, prod-ding, prods. 1. To jab or poke, as with a pointed object. 2. To goad to action; incite. -n. 1. A pointed object used to prod. 2. An incitement; a stimulus. [?] - prod'der n.
prod. abbr. 1. Produce. 2. Produced. 3. Product. 4. Production. prod-i-gal (prōd'i-gal) adj. 1. Rashly or wastefully extravagant. 2. Marked by rash or wasteful extravagance: a prodigen. In One given to wasteful luxury or extravagance.

pianist's prodigious talents. 3. Obsolete. Portentous; omi-

nous. [Lat. prodigiosus, portentous, monstrous < prodigium, omen.] — pro-dl'gious-ly adv. — pro-dl'gious-ness n. prod-l-gy (prod's-je) n., pl. -gles. 1. A person with exceptional talents or powers. 2. An act or event so extraordinary or rare as to inspire wonder. See Syns at wonder. 3. A portentous sign or event; an omen. [ME prodige, portent < Lat. prodigium.] prodicium.

pro-drome (pro/drom') n., pl. -dromes or -dro-ma-ta

pro-drome (pro'drom') m., pl. -dromes or -dro-ma-ta (-drô'mə-tə). An early symptom indicating the onset of an attack or a disease. [Fr. < Lar. prodroms. precursor < Gk. prodromos, precursor : pro-, forward; see pro-\(^1\) + dromos, running.] - pro-dro'mal. pro-drom'le (-drôm'lk) adj. pro-drug (prô'drūg') n. An inactive precursor of a drug, converted into its active form in the body by metabolic processes. pro-duce (pra-doos', -dyōos', prō) u-duced, -duc-ing, -duc-es. - tr. 1. To bring forth; yield: produce offspring, 2.a. To create by physical or mental effort. b. To manufacture. 3. To cause to occur or exist; give rise to. 4. To bring forth; exhibit: produced an eventiness. S. To supervise and finance the makproduced an everwitness. 5. To supervise and finance the making and public presentation of. 6. Math. To extend (an area or volume) or lengthen (a line). — intr. 1. To make or yield products or a product. 2. To manufacture or create economic goods and services. — n. (prod/oos, pro/doos). 1. Something produced; a product. 2. Farm products, esp. fresh fruits and vegetables. [ME producen, to proceed, extend < Lat. pro1091

process<sup>2</sup>

produce

oi b**oy** ā pay ou out ინ ხ**ინ** k ინ ხ**ინ** ხ àr care ä fathei ě pet ě be ŭ cut ûr urge i pit i pie th thin th this îr pler hw which ō pat zh vision ō toe a about. ô paw item

Stress marks: (primary); (secondary), as in dictionary (dik/sho-něr/e)

by Giovanni de Predis (1450? – 1520?)

dûcere, to extend, bring forth: pro-, forward; see pro-1 + dûcere, to lead; see deuk-\*.] — pro-duc/i-ble. pro-duce/a-ble adj.

ble adj.

Syns: produce, bear, yield. The central meaning shared by these verbs is "to bring forth as a product": a mine producing gold; a seed that bore fruit; a plant that yields gum. pro-duc-er (pro-doo'sor, -doo'-, pro-) n. 1. One that produces, esp. a person or an organization that produces goods or services for sale. 2. One who finances and supervises the making and public presentation of a play, film, or similar work. 3. A furnace that manufactures producer gas. 4. Ecol. A photosynthetic green plant or chemosynthetic bacterium, constituting the first trophic level in a food chain; an autotrophic organism.

producer qas n. A combustible mixture of nitrogen, carbon

monoxide, and hydrogen, generated by passing air with steam over burning coke or coal in a furnace and used as fuel. producer goods pl.n. Goods, such as raw materials and tools,

used to make consumer goods.

prod-uct (prod-skt) n. 1. Something produced by human or mechanical effort or by a natural process. 2. A direct result; a consequence. 3. Chem. A substance resulting from a chemical reaction. 4. Math. a. The number or quantity obtained by multiplying two or more numbers together. b. A scalar product. uct. c. A vector product. [ME, result of multiplication, produced < Med.Lat. productum, result of multiplication < neut. p.part. of Lat. producere, to bring forth. See PRODUC.]
pro-duc-tion (pra-dikk'shan, pro-) n. 1.a. The act or process
of producing: the production of lumber. b. The fact or process of being produced: a movie in production. 2. The creation

ess of being produced: a movie in production. 2. The creation of value or wealth by producing goods and services. 3. Something produced; a product. 4. An amount or quantity produced; output. 5.a. A work of art or literature. b. A work produced for the stage, screen, television, or radio. c. A staging or presentation of a theatrical work. 6. An exaggerated spectacle or display. — pro-duc'tlon-al adj. production line n. See assembly line 1. pro-duc'tive (pra-dikk'tiv, pro-) adj. 1. Producing or capable of producing 2. Producing a hundarity. fertile 3. Vidding

of producing. 2. Producing abundantly; fertile. 3. Yielding favorable or useful results; constructive. 4. Econ. Of or involved in the creation of goods and services to produce wealth or value. 5. Effective in achieving specified results; originative. 6. Medic. a. Producing mucus or sputum. b. Forming new tissue: a productive inflammation. 7. Ling. a. Of or relating tissue: a productive inflammation. 1. Ling. a. Of or relating to the linguistic skills of speaking and writing. b. Of or relating to a morphological or morphophonemic element that is freely used in the creation of new derivatives. — pro-duc/twe-loss n.

pro-duc-tiv-l-ty (prō/dūk-tīv/i-tē, prōd/ɔk-) n. 1. The quality of being productive. 2. Econ. The rate at which goods or restricts are produced as polyton for mist of labor. 3 Ecol.

ity of being productive. Z. Econ. The rate at which goods or services are produced, esp. output per unit of labor. 3. Ecol. The rate at which radiant energy is used by producers to form organic substances as food for consumers.

pro-ern (pro l'ém') n. An introduction; a preface. [ME proheme < OFr. < Lat. prooemium < Gk. prooimion: pro-before; see pro-2 + oimé, song.] — pro-e/ml·al (pro-e/me-al, -em'e-) adj.

pro-en-zyme (pro-en-zim') n. The precursor of an enzyme, converted into an active enzyme by proteolysis.

pro-es-trus (pro-es-trus) n. The period immediately before estrus in most female mammals, characterized by development

of the endometrium and ovarian follicles.

prof (prof) n. Informal. A professor.

prof. abbr. Professional.

prof.a.na.tion (prof'a-na'shan) n. The act or an instance of

profaning; desecration.

pro-fane (prō-fan', pra-) adj. 1. Marked by contempt or irreverence for what is sacred: profane words. 2. Nonreligious in subject matter, form, or use; secular. 3. Not admitted into a body of secret knowledge or ritual; uninitiated. 4. Vulgar; coarse. - tr.v. -faned, -faneing, -fanes. 1. To treat with irreverence. 2. To put to an improper, unworthy, or degrading use; abuse. [ME prophane < OFr. < Lat. profanus < pro fāno, in front of the temple: pro, before, outside; see nao-1 + fāno, ablative of fānum, temple; see dhēs-\*.] — pro fand-

+ fānō, ablative of fānum, temple; see dhēs-\*.] — pro-fan'-a-to'ry (prō-fān'-rōr'ē, -tōr'ē, prə-) adj. — pro-fane'ly adv. — pro-fane'ness n. — pro-fane'ly adv. — pro-fane'ly ress n. — pro-fane'ly (prō-fān'-i-tē, pra-) n., pl. -tles. 1. The condition or quality of being profane. 2.a. Abusive, vulgar, or irreverent language. b. The use of such language.

pro-fess (pra-fēs', prō-) v. -fessed. -fess-ing. -fess-es. — tr.

1. To afirm openly; declare or claim. 2. To make a pretense of; pretend. 3. To claim skill in or knowledge of: profess medicine. 4. To affirm belief in: profess Catholicism. 5. To receive into a religious order or congregation. — intr. 1. To make an open affirmation. 2. To take the vows of a religious order or congregation. [ME professen, to take vows < OFr. profes, that has taken a religious vow (< Med.Lat. professus, avowed) and < Med.Lat. professare, to administer a vow, avowed) and < Med.Lat. professare, to administer a vow. avowed) and < Med.lat. professire, to administer a vow, both < lat. professis, p.part. of profitëri, to affirm openly: pro-, forth; see pro-1 + | fatëri, to acknowledge; see bhā-2\*.] - pro- fess' ed·ly (-fes'id-lē) adv.

pro-fes-sion (pro-fesh'on) n. 1. An occupation required training and specialized study: the profession 10. feet slott (pra-fesh an) n. 1. An occupation remains siderable training and specialized study: the profession 2. The body of qualified persons in an occupation 3. An act or instance of professing: a declaration 4 avowal of faith or belief. S. A faith or belief.

avowal of faith or belief. 5. A faith or belief profes sloneal (pra-fesh s-nal) adj. 1.a. Of relating gaged in, or suitable for a profession: professional b. Conforming to the standards of a professional ethics. 2. Engaging in a given activity as a source of or as a career. 3. Performed by persons receiving page 1.1. A person of the profession of the p

ethics. 2. Engaging in a given activity as a source of or as a career. 3. Performed by persons receiving a source of the procession of as a career. 3. Performed by persons receiving a showing great skill; expert. — n. 1. A constraint a profession, esp. a learned profession. 2. One with iting in a given or implied occupation. 3. A child inner; an expert. — pro-fes'slon-al-liz' and inner; an expert. — pro-fes'slon-al-liz' and inner status, methods, character, or standards. 2. The fessional performers, as in athletics or in the arc pro-fes-slon-al-lize (pra-fesh'a-na-liz') in the distance of the profession professeur. Car. professor or profession; pain of the profession of profess. See recess. — profession in a pro-fession of the profession of

sor'smp ...
pro-fes-so-ri-ate or pro-fes-so-ri-at (pro/n-densor'-, prof/I-) n. 1. The rank or office of a professor 2
lege or university professors considered as a group
prof-fer (prof/ar) t.n. fered. fer-ing. fers in office
ceptance; tender. See Syns at offer. — n. The act of
inc. an offer. [ME profrem < OFr. poroffin prof. ceptance; tender. See Syns at Other. — n. The act of ping; an offer. [ME profrer < OFr. poroffin: profit forth (< Lat. prof.; see PRO-1) + offirir, to offeric ferre; see offer.] — prof fer er n. pro-fi-clen-cy (pro-fish'-n-sc) n., pl.-cles. The state of the control of the clear company.

pro fl' clen cy (pro fish' an-se) n., pl. cles. The state of ity of being proficient; competence.

pro fl' clent (pro fish' and) adj. Having or marked by anced degree of competence, as in an art. - n. An exercise adept. [Lat. proficiens, proficient, pr.part. of problem aske progress. See room:] - pro fl' clent by add.

Syns: proficient, adept, skilled, skillfu experi Them jectives mean having or showing knowledge ability is as in a profession or field of study. Proficient implies as in an arced degree of competence acquired through training ficient in Greek and Latin. Adept suggests a natural again improved by practice: adept at cutting straight. Skilled leave improved by practice: adept at cutting straight. Skilled sound, thorough competence and often expense craft: a skilled potter. Skillful adds to skilled the idea of ural dexterity in performance or achievement; skilled it use of the loom. Expert applies to one with consumpre

and command: expert applies to one with consuming and command: expert in her playing.

pro•file (prō/fil') n. 1.a. A side view of an object or a structure, esp. of the human head. b. A representation of an about a structure seen from the side. 2. An outline of an exposure in public convisibility: kept a low profile. 4. A biographical essay pressing the subject's most noteworthy characteristics and affinents. 5. A formal summary or analysis of days makes. visibility: kept a low projecting the subject's most noteworthy characteristics and ments. 5. A formal summary or analysis of data represents the subject's most noteworthy characteristics. 6. Geol A variable of Super in scientific use. [PRO-1 + GEST(ATION) tion of soil or rock showing the sequence of the various project to gen (pro-jest'to-jen) n. Any of various care to produce a profile of. [Ital. profile of profiler, a care is ported (pro-jest'to-jen) n. Any of various 2. To produce a profile of. [Ital. profile of profiler, a care is ported (pro-jest'to-jen) n. Any of various 2. To produce a profile of. [Ital. profile of profiler, a care is ported (pro-jest'to-jen) n. Any of various 2. To produce a profile of [Ital. profile of profiler, a care is ported (profiler)]. One of the care is profile of a tapeworm, containing both male and g\*hi-\*).] — profile of n. 1. An advantageous gain or return the care is shape in pro-, before; see pro-, business undertaking after ill over the care is shape.

g\*hi-\*).] - pro'fil \*er n. prof-it (prof'it) n. 1. An advantageous gain or return. expenses have been met. 3.a. The return on an interse after all charges have been paid. b. The rate of increis 19 net worth of a business enterprise in a given account of the control of

prof/ft-a-bip-ness n. - prof/ft-a-bip ada.
prof/ft and loss n. Accounting. An account showing of and loss over a given period.
prof-ft-eer (prof/f-cir/) n. One who makes extrast on goods in short supply. - prof/ft-eer/u.
pro-fit-er-ole (pro-fit's-rôl') n. A small round treat for the profit of the profit of the profit of the profit of the profit.

See prooft.]

profit sharing (sharing) n. A system by which are receive a share of the profits of a business enterprofile-gate (profile-git, gat') adj. 1. Given over notion; dissolute. Z. Recklessly wasteful; wildy const

profligate person; a wastrel. [Lat. pro

A profligate person; a wastrel. [Lat. profession of pulsars, to ruin, cast down: prof. forward prof. intensive of fligere, to strike down.] — Fig. n. — prof. il gate by adv.

F. ma prof. for mo) adj. 1. Done as a form 2. Provided in advance so as to prescribe teens. [NLat. prof. forma: prof, for the same of forma, form.]

found [profound/, prof.) adj. — er, — est. 1. 1. form is to. or coming from a great depth; do not be considered in a superficial or obvious. Expression is superficial or obvious. Exprofound is superficial or obvious. Expression is profound yield. — profound nession for down in the profound yield. — profound nession for down in the profound yield. — profound of the profound in the profound is provinced in the profound in the profound in the profound is provinced abundantly; extravagant. [In profines, p.par. of profundere, to pour is the profound pr

abundance. 2. Lavish or unrestrained extends. 3. A profuse outpouring or quantity.

gga! tot (pro-jen/t-tor) n. 1. A direct ance incestor. 2. An originator of a line of descent is originator; a founder. [Ult. < Lat. prog. outpour. p.part. of progignere, to beget: pro-gignere, gen-, to beget; see gene-\*]

gignere, gen-, to beget; see gene-\*]

gignification of the progenity of th

partie.]

partie (prō-jît'ê-) n. A rare congenital hood, characterized by rapid onset of the pharming of the mension of the pharming of the mension of the pharming of the pha ration, characterized by secretion of progester and its actions. b. Ha

gar to progesterone. Used of a drug. inguitar-one (pro-jes' ra-ton') n. 1. A steroi (1/4),0, secreted by the corpus luteum of the of the corpus luteum of the of the corpus luteum of the of the corpus luteum of the size fertilized ovum, maintain pregnancy, and playment of the mammary glands. 2. A drug prediction of the corpus luteum menstrual disorders. [PRO-1] + GEST(ATION LIFE, CRE] TILE - ONE. I

propertin (pro-jes' tin) n. 1. A progestational sultransprogesterone. Z. A crude hormone of the mon which progesterone can be isolated in hinger in scientific use. [pro-1 + gest/Arron)

受益(\*cm) adj.
不知 thous (prōg'no-thos, prōg-nā'-) also pro
デー also pro
Joseph (\*sē) n., pl. -ses (-sēz). 1.a. A
also probable course and outcome of a disease. b
and of recovery from a disease. 2. A forecast or property and property from a disease. 2. A forecast or property from a disease. 3. A forecast or property from a disease. 4. A forecast or probable course and outcome of a disease. be not recovery from a disease. 2. A forecast or plan prognosis < Gk. < progignosiseim, to forekn see eno. 2 + gignosiseim, to know; see gnot the (prognosiseim) to know; see gnot the (prognosiseim) to know; see gnot the prognosiseim of the prognosiseim, omen (< Med. Lat. prognosiseim, omen < a control of the prognosiseim.

Tasticate (prógrafos ti-kāt') tr.v. -cat·ed.

1. To predict according to present indications
2. To foreshadow; portend. [ME pronosticate. rognosticare, prognosticat < Lat. prognostic future < Gk. prognostikon < neut. of prog dure < Gk. prognostikon < neut. of prognosting. See PROGNOSTIC.] — prognostical to ca'tive adj. — prognos'ti-ca'tor

AVAILABLE